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Title: An in-situ ZnS(Ag) UCN detector: conceptual studies

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> Morris, Christopher UCNTau, collaboration

Intended for: discussion with potential external collaborators

Web

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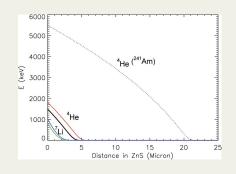
An in-situ ZnS (Ag) UCN detector

conceptual studies

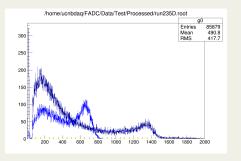
Z. Wang, C. L. Morris for the Lifetime Experiment

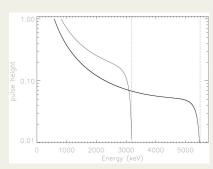
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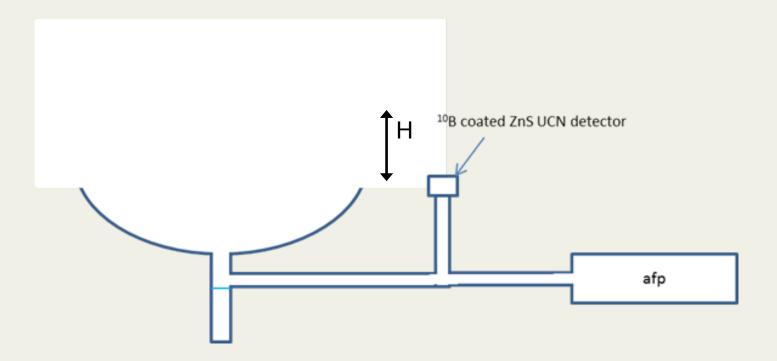






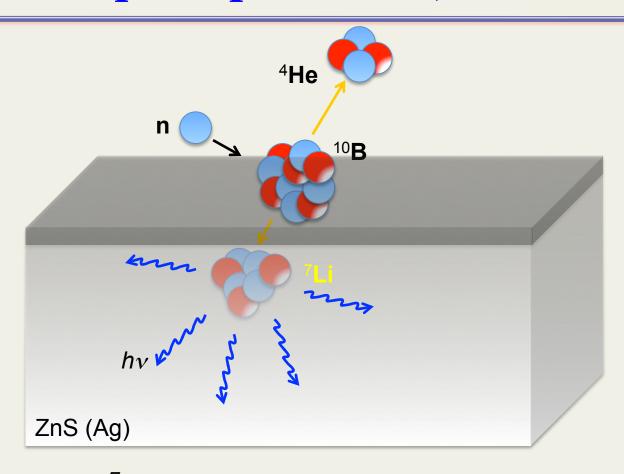
Proposed measurement

- No material barriers in-between UCN's and detector
- Real time
- UCN Spectroscopy (Adjustable in height)





Detection principle (n >> α , ⁷Li >> hv >> e^-)

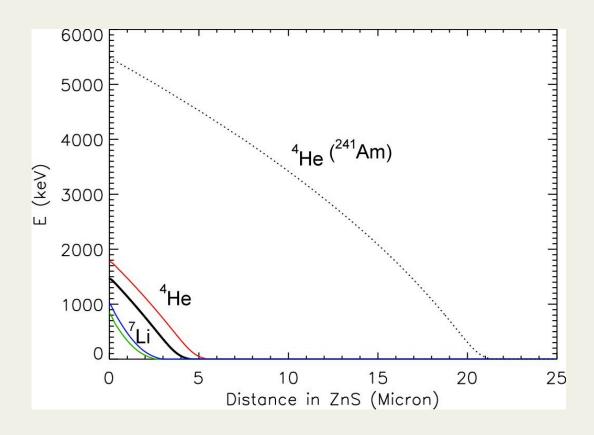


$${}^{10}B + n \rightarrow \langle {}^{7}Li (0.84 \text{ MeV}) + \alpha (1.47 \text{ MeV}) + \gamma (0.48 \text{ MeV}), \qquad (94\%)$$

$${}^{7}Li (1.02 \text{ MeV}) + \alpha (1.78 \text{ MeV}), \qquad (6\%)$$



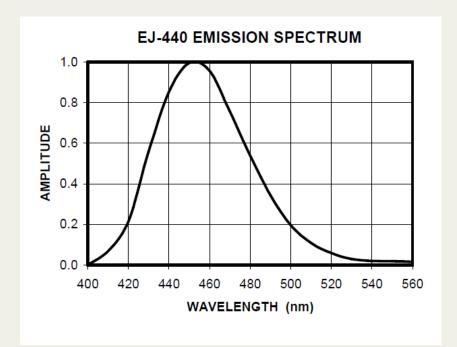
Charge propagation





ZnS (Ag) / Light yield

- Proven use for MeV charge particle detection
- Inorganic scintillator
- Eljen
 - 120 um thick substrate
 - 16 um average particle size
 - 4.09 g/cc
- Other suppliers





Component Testing

(for detector design)

- ZnS (Ag) Thickness
- Sensitivity to alpha's w/different energies;
- o Noise/background
- o hy -> e detector selection





Testing setup





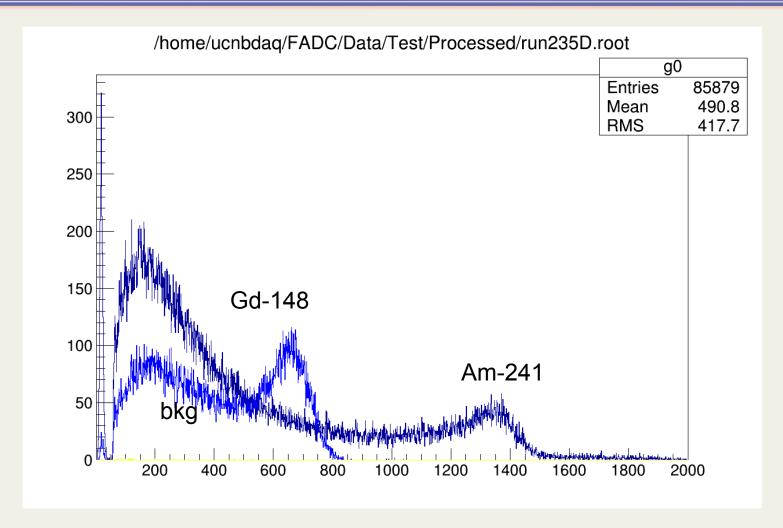








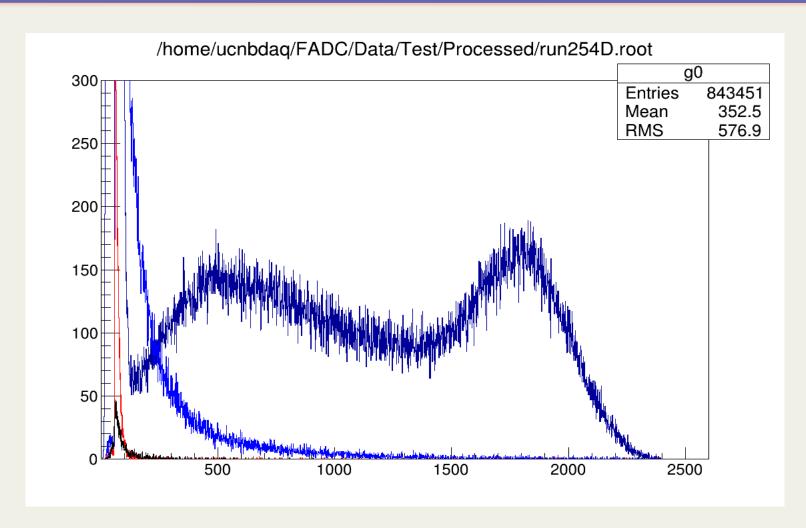
α-response (on-contact)







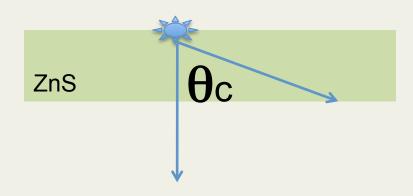
Background

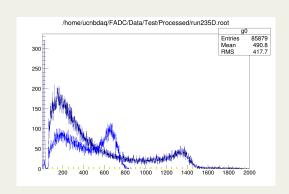


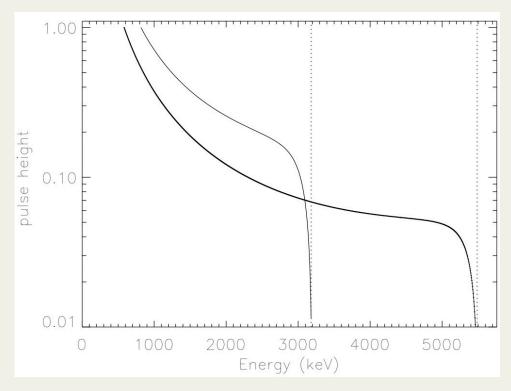




PSD interpretation/Thin-Slab model



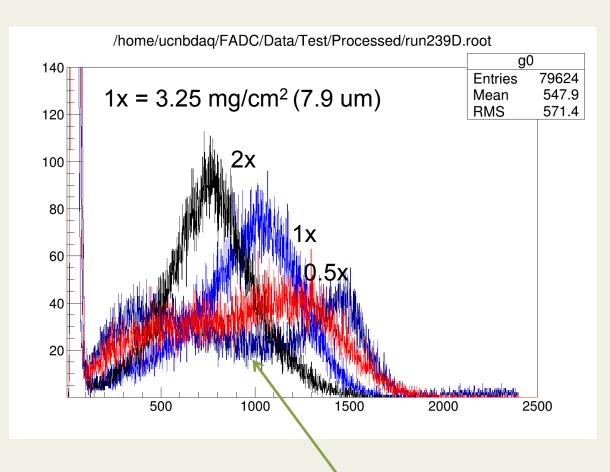


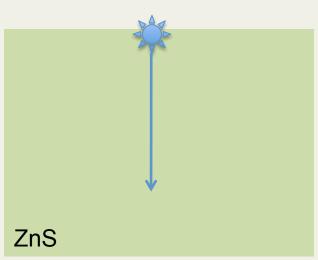


Straggling → broadening (convolution function)



ZnS thickness scan (Thick slab)



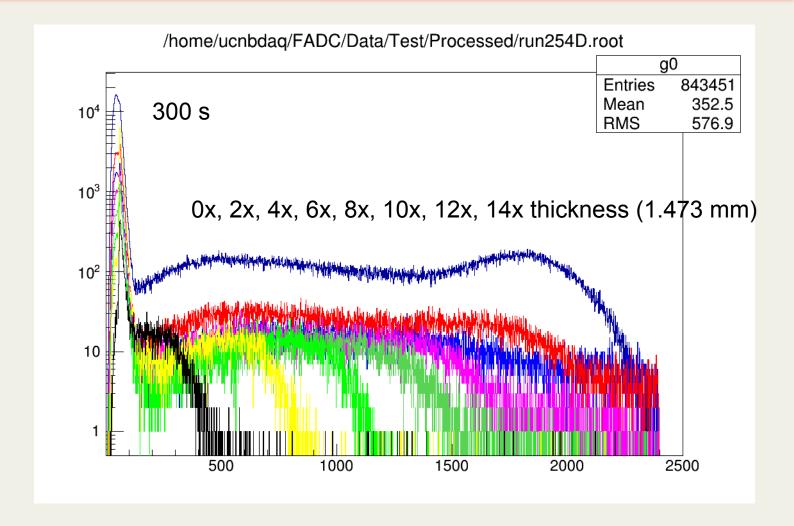


(< 4 um thickness)



Alpha energy scan (II)

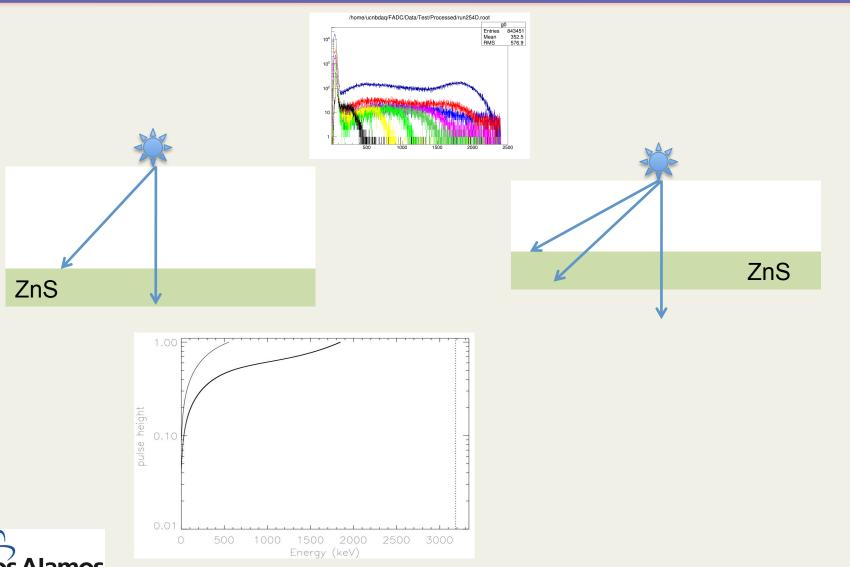
Air ZnS







PSD interpretation



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Summary

- ZnS(Ag) substrates characterized through alpha-particle measurements
 - Am-241, Gd-148 sources;
 - 3" PMT
 - ZnS different thickness, manufacturers
- PSD can be explained by charge particle stopping + straggling
- Prototype fabrication underway
 - Detector design (3" diameter)
 - B-10 coating (~ 100 nm thick)

